# RELIANCE DEFENCE LIMITED

Accounts for the year ended on March 31, 2021

M. S. Sethi & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Manoj Sethi B.Com., F.C.A. 191-R, Cavel Cross Lane No.9 2nd Floor, Dr. Viegas Street Kalbadevi, Mumbai - 400 002 Tel. 9324517501

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To The Members of Reliance Defence Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Reliance Defence Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its Loss including other comprehensive income, the Changes in Equity and its Cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion** 

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also
  responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls
  system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Director's report and shareholders' information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement therein; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act:
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B";
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

  In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration to directors during the year.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) There were no pending litigations which would impact financial position of the Company.
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and protection fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2021.

For M. S. Sethi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No.109407W

Manój Sethi Proprietor Membership No.039784

Place: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2021

UDIN: 21039784AAAAXU6517

### ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Referred to in our Report of even date on Accounts of Reliance Defence Limited for the year ended March 31, 2021

- i) a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - c) The Company does not have any immovable property, hence clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable
- ii) As explained to us, there is no inventory hence clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to any company or parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly the provisions contained in paragraph 3(iii) (a), (b) & (C) of Order are not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v) According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, no cost records have been prescribed by the Central Government of India under section 148(1) of the Act.
- vii) (a) Based on our examination of the books and records, the Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authority undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, duty of customs, cess and other statutory dues, wherever applicable, during the year. Further no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, duty of customs, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, there are no disputed statutory dues pending to be deposited with the respective authorities by the Company.
- viii) The Company has not raised any funds from financial institutions or banks or by issue of debentures during the year, hence, question of repayment of dues to them does not arise.
- ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi) The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Hence paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- xiv) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or debentures during the year.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For M. S. Sethi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No.109407W

Manoj Sethi Proprietor Membership No. 039784

Place: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2021

#### ANNEXURE B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Reliance Defence Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Reliance Defence Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAL.

For M. S. Sethi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No.109407W

Manoj Sethi Proprietor Membership No. 039784

Place: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2021

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Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	•	14 555 44
	11,455.9	
- Other Financial Liabilities		*
Provisions 13	3,622.8	
Other Current Liabilities 12	15,037.0	
Total Current Liabilities	32,750.6	26,923.5
Total Liabilities	34,502.3	35,073.90
Total Equity and Liabilities	1	<b>49</b> ,525.9

The accompanying notes form an integral part of Financial Statements

1 to 31

As per our attached Report of even date

For M.S Sethi & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 109407W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Sethi

Proprietor

Membership No.039784

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2021 Rajesh K Dbingra

Director

DIN: 03612092

Parth Prating Sarma

Director

DIN: 08245533

Place : New Delhi Date : May 10, 2021

Rs in Thousands

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Other Income	14	3,838.99	8,670.41
Total Income		3,838.99	8,670.41
Expenses			47,635.88
Employee Benefits Expense	15	33,121.37	202.85
Finance Costs	16	440.57	2,201.51
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	2 & 3	3,895.65	
Other Expenses	17	10,895.09	23,549.46
Total Expenses		48,352.68	73,589.69
Loss before tax		(44,513.68)	(64,919.28)
Tax Expense :	i	ŀ	_
- Current Tax		•	
- Deferred Tax	1	-	94.16
- Income Tax for Earlier Years		91.85	94.16
		91.85	94.10
Loss after tax		(44,605.54)	(65,013.44)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			504.75
Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans : Gains / (Loss) (net of tax)		327.78	304.75
		327.78	504.75
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		321.10	
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		(44,277.77)	(64,508.69)
		1	
Earnings per equity share (Face Value of Rs 10 each)	27	1	
Pasia carninga per chara		(892.11)	(1,300.27)
Basic earnings per share		(892.11)	
Diluted earnings per share			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of Financial Statements

1 to 31

As per our attached Report of even date

For M.S Sethi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 109407W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Sethi Proprietor

Membership No.039784

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2021 Rajesh K Dhingra Director

DIN: 03612092

Partha Pra\in sarma

Director

DIN: 08245533

Place : New Delhi Date : May 10, 2021

			ام ما ما
Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Cash flow from Operating Activities			(04.040.28)
Loss before tax		(44,513.68)	(64,919.28)
Adjustments for:			2,201.51
Depreciation		3,895.65	2,201.01
Interest Income on Deposits	1	(258.31)	202.85
Interest and Finance charges	1	440.57	1,248.05
Provision for Leave Encashment and Gratuity	l	-	
Provisions /Liabilities written back	L	(318.08)	(2,349.35)
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes		(40,753.85)	(63,616.22)
Adjustments for:		(00, 100, 00)	(959.17)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Financial Assets & Other Assets		(23,430.90)	(9,784.36)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities & Other Liabilities	L	4,908.79	(74,359.76)
Cash generated from operations	ŀ	(59,275.97)	(1,104.79)
Income taxes paid		268.37	(75,464.55)
Net cash used in Operating Activities	(A)	(59,007.60)	(75,404.55)
	1		
Cash flows from Investing Activities		(50.42)	(62.80)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	1	(58.43)	(50.01)
Purchase of Investment in Subsidiaries/ Associates	1	315.00	(00.0.7
Proceeds from sale of investment in subsidairies /associates			ميري
Interest Received on Deposits		258.31	(112.81)
Net cash generated from /(used in) Investing activities	(B)	514.87	(112.01)
a lan a mil a language			1
Cash flow from Financing Activities		61,123.00	74,591.00
Proceeds from Equity Components of Fin. Inst (Subordinate Debt)		(3,220.45)	
Lease Obligations payments		(440.57)	
Interest & Finance Charges paid	(C)	57,461.98	73,034.27
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Financing Activities	(0)	011101100	
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		(1,030.75	(2,543.09
Only and Only Empirelant as of the beginning of the year		9,742.75	12,285.83
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year		8,712.00	9,742.75
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the year  Net Increase/(Decrease) as disclosed above		(1,030.75	

Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year comprises of :		
Balance with banks in current accounts (Refer Note No 6)	8,712.00	9,742.75
Total Cash and Cash Equivalent	8,712.00	9,742.75

The above statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (1 to 31)

As per our attached Report of even date

For M.S Sethi & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 109407W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Sethi Proprietor

Membership No.039784

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2024 Rajesn K Dhingra Director

DIN: 03612092

Partha Pratim Sarma

Director

DIN: 08245533

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2021

### **EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

Rs in Thousands

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the year		Balance at the end of the year
As at March 31, 2020	500.00	-	500.00
As at March 31, 2021	<b>500.00</b>	-	<b>500.00</b>

Rs in Thousands **OTHER EQUITY** Equity Component of Retained Financial Total **Particulars** Instruments **Earnings** (Subordinate Debts) 3,869.73 (5,46,315.77) 5,50,185.50 As at April 01, 2019 (65,013.44) (65,013.44) Loss for the year 504.75 504.75 Other Comprehensive Income for the year (64.508.69) (64,508.69)Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year 74,591.00 74,591.00 issue/ (Repayment) of Subordinate Debt 13,952.04 6,24,776.50 (6,10,824.46) Balance as at March 31, 2020 13,952.04 (6,10,824.46)6,24,776.50 As at April 01, 2020 (44,605.54)(44,605.54)Loss for the year 327.78 327.78 Other Comprehensive Income for the year (44,277.77)(44,277.77) Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year 61,123.00 61,123.00 Issue/ (Repayment) of Subordinate Debt 30,797.27 (6,55,102.23) 6,85,899.50 Balance as at March 31, 2021

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (1 to 31)

For M.S Sethi & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 109407W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Sethi Proprietor

Membership No.039784

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2021 Rajesh K Dhingra

Director

DIN: 03612092

Partha Pratim/Sarma

Director

DIN: 08245533

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2021

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Background of the Company:

The objective of the company is to carry on in India and elsewhere the business of dual use military and civil platforms with primary focus on fixed wing, rotary wing, land and naval platforms. The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 502, Plot No. 91/94, Prabhat Colony, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 055.

These financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on May 10, 2021. Pursuant to the provisions of section 130 of the Act, the Central Government, income tax authorities and other statutory regulatory body and section 131 of the Act the board of directors of the Company have powers to amend / re-open the financial statements approved by the board / adopted by the members of the Company.

The Company's operations during the year were impacted due to COVID 19 and it has considered all possible impact of COVID 19 in preparation of the financial results, including assessment of the recoverability of financial and non financial assets based on the various internal and external informations and assumptions relating to economic forecasts upto the date of approval of financial results. The aforesaid assessment is based on projections and estimations which are dependent on future development including government policies.

### 1. Significant Accounting Policies:

### a) Basis of Preparation, Measurement and Significant Accounting Policies

### (i) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The Financial statements of the Company comply in all material aspects with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with relevant rules and other accounting principles. The policies set out below have been consistently applied during the years presented.

#### (ii) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the information and disclosures mandated by Schedule III to the Act, applicable Ind AS, other applicable pronouncements and regulations.

These financial statements are presented in 'Indian Rupees', which is also the Company's functional currency and all amounts, are rounded to the nearest Thousands with two decimals, unless otherwise stated.

### (iii) Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statement have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instrument that are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period.

#### b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. The estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### c) Current versus Non-current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading

All other assets are classified as non-current.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

### A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### d) Revenue Recognition Policy

The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

All the items of Income and Expense are recognized on accrual basis of accounting.

#### e) Financial Instruments:

#### 1. Financial Assets

#### I] Classification

The Company shall classify financial assets measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### II] Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of financial assets.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised costs.

### **III] Subsequent Measurement**

For purpose of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- (a) Financial assets at fair value or
- (b) Financial assets at amortised cost

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains or loss are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e fair value through profit or loss) or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

All other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

**Equity instruments:** 

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### Investments in Subsidiaries:

The Company has accounted for its equity instruments in Subsidiaries at cost.

IV] Impairment of Financial Assets

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

#### V] Derecognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

· Right to receive cash flow from assets have expired or

. The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a
contractual obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party
under a "pass through" arrangement.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### 2. Financial Liabilities

I] Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised at fair value. The Company financial liabilities include Trade and other Payables, loans and borrowings.

II] Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities at amortized cost: After initial measurement, such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(i) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(ii) Trade and Other Payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

III] Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

A Financial Liabilities is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from same lender on substantially different terms, or terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### f) Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's Management determines the policies and procedures for recurring and non- recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement & hierarchy (Refer Note No 18)

### g) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, Plant and Equipment assets are carried at cost net of tax / duty credit availed less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Property, Plant and Equipment are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use.

Gains and losses on disposals or retirement of assets are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### **Depreciation method**

Property, Plant and Equipment have been depreciated under the straight line method as per the useful life and in the manner prescribed in Part "C" Schedule II to the Act.

#### h) Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation / depletion. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of asset.

#### Amortisation method

Computer Software capitalized are amortized on straight line basis over the period of 3 years.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period

### j) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

### k) Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities are possible obligation that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by that occurrence or non occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgement of the management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### I) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise of cash on hand, demand deposits with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### m) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

### n) Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### o) Employee benefits

### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### (ii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) defined contribution plans such as provident fund, superannuation fund etc.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

### (a) Gratuity obligations

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

recognised immediately in other comprehensive income(OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the period. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs

### (b) Provident Fund

The benefit involving employee established provident funds, which require interest shortfall to recompensated are to be considered as defined benefit plans.

### **Defined Contribution plans**

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available. The Company makes annual contributions based on a specified percentage of each eligible employee's salary.

### (iii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

#### p) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the country where the company and its subsidiaries generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transition that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

## Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, respectively.

### q) Leases

The Company has adopted the new accounting standard Ind AS 116 "Leases" on April 1, 2019 as per Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules, 2019, notified by MCA on March 30, 2019. Ind AS 116 is a single lessee accounting model and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both lessees and lessors. On application of IndAS 116, the nature of expenses has changed from lease rent in previous periods to depreciation cost for the right-of-use assets(ROU), and finance cost for interest accrued on lease liability.

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### As a lessee:

At the commencement date of the lease the Company recognizes a lease liability measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments for the right of use the underlying assets during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease.

The payments included in the measurement of the lease liability include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. GST liability is included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate is readily determined, if that rate is not readily determined, the lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset from a lease contract at the commencement date of the lease, which is the date that the underlying asset is made available for use.

The cost of the right-of-use assets comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred and any lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received. Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re measurement of the lease liability.

It also considers possible asset retirement obligations in the cost of the right-of-use asset. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment testing in future periods.

The Company has also applied the following practical expedient provided by the standard when applying Ind AS 116.

by measuring the assets at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payment recognized immediately before the date of initial applications.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

- b) not to reassess whether a contract is or contains a lease, accordingly the definition of lease in accordance with Ind AS 17 will continue to be applied to those leases entered or modified before April 1, 2019.
- c) The Company has applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment, consequently, the Company has recorded the lease liability at the present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.
- d) excluded the initial direct costs from measurement of the ROU asset
- e) Not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with less than twelve months of lease term and low-value assets on the date of initial application.

#### r) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the reporting period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment

Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment	Furniture and	Office		Total
Particulars	Fixtures	Equipment_	Computers	Total
Year ended March 31, 2020				
Gross Carrying Amount				
Opening gross carrying amount	98.95	3,448.18	1,504.53	5,051.66
Additions	-	13.30	49.50	62.80
Disposals	-			<del>-</del>
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	98.95	3,461.48	1,554.03	5,114.46
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment				
Opening accumulated depreciation and impairment	29.127	1,655.131	1,305.544	2,989.80
Depreciation charge during the year	11.537	656.690	121.590	789.817
Disposals			<u>-</u>	
Closing Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	40.66	2,311.82	1,427.13	3,779.62
Net carrying amount as on March 31, 2020	58.29	1,149.66	126.90	1,334.85
Year ended March 31, 2021	Ì			
Gross Carrying Amount		Į		
Opening gross carrying amount	98.950	3,461.484	1,554.030	5,114.464
Additions	-	35.30	23.13	58.433
Disposais			-	
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	98.95	3,496.78	1,577.16	5,172.90
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	ļ			
Opening accumulated depreciation and impairment	40.664	2.311.821	1,427.134	3,779.61
Depreciation charge during the year	11.537	1 ''	40.074	707.81
Disposals		-		
Closing Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	52.21	2,968.02	1,467.21	4,487.4
Net Carrying Amount as on March 31, 2021	46.74	528.76	109.95	685.4

### Reliance Defence Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements

Note 3: Right Of Use Asset (Refer Note, 25)

The bit Note Asset (Neter Note, 20)	170 11	THOUSands	
Particulars	Right of Use - Leased Office Property	Total	
Year ended March 31, 2020			
Gross carrying amount			
Opening Gross Carrying amount	8,823.09	8,823.09	
Additions	_	_	
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	8,823.09	8,823.09	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
Opening Accumulated Amortisation	- 1	-	
Amortisation charge for the year	1,411.69	1,411.690	
Closing Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	1,411.69	1,411.69	
Net carrying amount as on March 31, 2020	7,411.40	7,411.40	
Year ended March 31, 2021		!	
Gross carrying amount			
Opening Gross Carrying amount	8,823.09	8,823.09	
Additions	-	-	
Deductions /Adjustments	(1,614.00)	(1,614.00)	
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	7,209.092	7,209.09	
Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment			
Opening Accumulated Amortisation	1,411.69	1,411.69	
Amortisation charge for the year	3,187.84	3,187.84	
Deductions /Adjustments			
Closing Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	4,599.53	4,599.53	
Closing Net Carrying Amount as on March 31, 2021	2,609.56	2,609.56	

Note 4: Financial Assets : Non-Current Investments (Non-Trade)

Investment in Equity instruments at Cost

Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited

Reliance Defence and Aerospace Private Limited

**Unquoted Subsidiary Companies** Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited

Reliance Aerostructure Limited

Reliance Land Systems Limited

Reliance Naval Systems Limited

Reliance Helicopters Limited

In Associate company at cost

Reliance Ammunition Limited

Note 5: Financial Assets: Loans

Reliance SED Limited

Reliance SED Limited

Unquoted

Unquoted

Total

Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited

Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited

Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited

Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited

Reliance Aero Systems Private Limited

Gulfoss Enterprises Private Limited

In Fellow Subsidiary Companies at cost

**Particulars** 

(fully paid-up)

Rs In Thousands							
, 2021	As at March	31, 2020					
Amount Rs	Number of shares	Amount Rs					
100.00	10,000	100.00					
100.00	10,000	100.00					
100.00	10,000	100.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00	İ				
500.00	50,000	500.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00					
500.00	50,000	500.00	1				
500.00	50,000	500.00					
_	50,000	500.00					

10,000

5,001

1.00

Rs in Thousands

3,264.73

100.00

50.01

0.01

0.01

As at March 31, 2021

100.00

50.01

185.00

0.01

363.299

Number

of shares

10.000

10.000

10,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

50,000

10,000

5.001

18,500

2,796.65

Reliance Armaments Limited	10	1	0.01	1.00	0.01
Total (Equity Instruments)		4,63,503	4,635.03	4,95,003	4,950.03
					3 d - electronium
		Book Value	Market value	Book Value	Market value
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		4,635.03		4,950.03	

433.899

Face Value

in Rs.

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

10

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
i antoqua s	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
Secured, considered good Loans to Employees	433.90	406.60	363.30	874.68
Unsecured, considered good Security Deposits	-	2,390.04	-	2,390.04

### Reliance Defence Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements

Note 6: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Rs in Thousands

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks in -		
Current Account	8,712.00	9,742.746
Total	8,712.00	9,742.746

Note 7: Other Financial Assets

Rs in Thousands

Note 1. Other Financial Assets	As at Marc	h 31, 2021	As at Marc	h 31, 2020
Particulars	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
Advance to Employees	16.84		89.81	<u>-</u>
Other Receivables from Related Parties (Refer Note 24)	5,937.39	-	6,246.47	<u> </u>
Total	5,954.24	-	6,336.28	<u> </u>

Note 8: Other Assets

	As at Marc	h 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Particulars	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
Advance to Vendors	22,536.35	•	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	17.92	-	-	-
Other Recoverable from Related Parties (Refer Note 24)	123.97	- I	123.97	- '
Input Tax Credit Receivable		17,039.30	_	15,383.15
Total	22,678.24	17,039.30	123.97	15,383.15

#### Note 9: Equity Share Capital

_				
Rα	in	The	3110	ande

Authorised Share Capital	As	As at		
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020		
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	500.00	500.00		
Total Authorised share capital	500.00	500.00		

#### Rs In Thousands

		Tto III THOUGHING		
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Share Capital	As	As at		
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020		
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	500.00	500.00		
Total Issued, Subscribed and Pald Up Share capital	500.00	500.00		

(i) Movements in Share capital

(1) movements in Share capital				
Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31, 2021	As at Marci	
Equity Shares -	No. of shares	Rs in Thousands	No. of shares	Rs in Thousands
At the beginning of the year	50,000	500.00	50,000	500.00
Add : Issued during the year	-	=		-
Less: Bought Back during the year	_	=		
Outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500.00	50.000	500.00

### (ii) Terms/Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The Company declares and pay dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subjected to the approval of Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(iii) Shares of the company held by Holding company

Rs in Thousands

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Reliance Infrastructure Limited, the Holding Company		
50,000 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	500.00	500.00

(iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

to the strain of the order of t				
Name of the Shareholders	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up				
Reliance Infrastructure Limited and its nominees	50,000	100	50,000	100

Note 10: Other Equity

Re	in	Thou	ıça	nde
1/9	"	11100	มอด	บเนอ

Total Education		No III THOUSAHUS
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Equity Component of Financial Instruments	6,85,899.50	6,24,776.50
Retained Earnings	(6,55,102.22)	(6,10,824.46)
Total Other Equity	30,797.28	13,952.04

### (i) Equity Component of Financial Instruments (Subordinate Debt)

#### Rs in Thousands

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	6,24,776.50	5,50,185.50
Add: Addition/ (Deduction) during the year	61,123.00	74,591.00
Closing balance	6,85,899.50	6,24,776.50

### Terms and Condition of Subordinate Debt

Subordinate Debts (SD) is issued to Reliance Infrastructure Limited, the Ultimate Holding Company with an option to convert at any time during the tenor of the Subordinate debt, whether in part or full into equivalent number of equity shares at par (10 SD into 1 Equity shares) or to be repaid within 10 years from the date of allotment or mutually agreed. Coupon rate is 0% per annum till 18 months from date of allotment subject to reset after 18 months as mutually agreed.

### (ii) Retained Earnings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	(6,10,824.46)	(5,46,315.77)
Add: Loss for the year	(44,277.76)	(64,508.69)
Closing balance	(6,55,102.22)	(6,10,824.458)

### Note 11: Other Financial Liabilities

Rs	in	TI	noi	usa	ınd	ls

Particulars	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Current	Non Current	Current	Non-Current	
Lease Liability Obligation	2,634.77	•	4,317.90	3,151.31	
Total	2,634.77	-	4,317.90	3,1 <u>51.31</u>	

### Maturity analysis of Lease Liability

-	-	

Particulars	2021-22	Total
Lease Liability @10%	2,634.77	2,634.77

#### Note 12: Other Liabilities

Rs in Thousands

Partie I and	As at March	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Particulars	Current	Non Current	Current	Non-Current	
Other Payables	182.67	-	182.67	-	
Employee Payables	12,978.62	•	7,806.33	-	
Statutory Dues Payables	1,875.72		1,124.04		
Total	15,037.01	-	9,113.04	-	

#### Note 13: Provisions

Note 13: Provisions			<u>'</u>	(5 III THOGOGITAD	
David - Jan	As at March	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Particulars	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
Leave Encashment	330.57	1,448.53	1,657.75	1,050.38	
Gratuity (Refer Note No. 20)	3,292.30	303.24	279.44	3,948.63	
Total	3,622.88	1,751.77	1,937.18	4,999.02	

Note 14: Other Income

Rs in Thousands

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest income from other financial assets at amortised cost		
- Fixed deposits with banks	140.95	182.36
- Others	117.36	166.20
Business Auxiliary Services ( Refer Note. 24 )	3,262.61	5,972.51
Provisions and Liabilities written back	318.08	2,349.35
Total	3,838.99	8,670.41

Note 15: Finance Cost

Rs in Thousands

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest and financing charges on financial liabilities Finance Charges on lease obligation	440.57	202.85
Total	440.57	202.85

Note 16: Employee Benefit Expense

Rs in Thousands

		10 117 1110 110 1111
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Salaries, Wages, Bonus, etc.	31,078,59	44,671.26
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	968.07	1,520.24
Gratuity Expense (Refer Note 20)	989,39	1,248.051
Workmen and Staff Welfare	85.33	196.33
Total	33,121.37	47,635.88

Note 17: Other Expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Faruculars 	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Communication Expenses	817.27	929.66
Hire Charges	77.01	39.35
Rent	_	5,610.19
Repairs and Maintenance	1	<u>'</u>
- Buildings	0.22	4.611
- Other Assets	236.14	142.24
Audit Fees	10,00	40.00
Customs Duty	26.63	-
Travelling and Conveyance	2,087.05	5,894.35
Membership and Subscription Fees	37.00	50.00
Seminar and Training Fees	9.72	33.48
Insurance	52.47	52.55
Rates and Taxes	8.26	2.50
Stamp Duty and Filing fees	1.87	350.47
Electricity	208.75	232.94
Professional charges	6,702.14	7,766.43
Postage & Courier	18.02	64.80
House Keeping Expenses	86.25	551.44
Printing & Stationery	162.16	294.18
Miscellaneous expense	60.55	272.19
Books and Periodicals	11.10	16.27
Entertainment and Hospitality	100.13	661.83
Fuel & Maintenance	154.07	539.98
Licence & Application Fees	11.25	-
Net Loss on Foreign Exchange Flucuation	17.01	-
Total	10,895.09	23,549.46

#### Note 18: Fair Value Measurements

#### (a) Financial Instruments by category

#### (i) Significance of Financial Instruments

		Rs in Thousands	
Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Financial Assets			
At Amortised Cost			
Loans	840.50	1,237.98	
Security Deposits	2,390.04	2,390.04	
Cash and Cash equivalent	8,712.00	9,742.75	
Advances to Employees	16.84	89.81	
Other Receivables from related party	5,937.39	6,246.47	
At Fair value through Profit & Loss	-	-	
Total Financial Assets	17,896.78	19,707.04	
Financial Liabilities			
At Amortised Cost			
Trade Payables	11,455.95	11,555.44	
Lease Liability Obligations	2,634.77	7,469.21	
At Fair value through Profit & Loss	-	-	
Total Financial Liabilities	14,090.71	19,024.66	

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, loans, security deposits, advances, other receivables, trade payables, are considered to have their fair values approximately equal to their carrying values

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

#### Note b - Fair Value Hierarchy

### (b) Fair value hierarchy - Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed

	As at March 31, 2021	Rs in Thousands As at March 31, 2020
Financial Assets	······································	·
Level 3		
Loans	840.50	1,237.98
Security Deposits	2,390.04	2,390.04
Cash and Cash Equivalent	8,712.00	9,742.75
Advances to Employees	16.84	89.81
Other Receivable from related party	5,937.39	6,246.47
Total Financial Assets	17,896.78	19,707.04
Financial Liabilities		
Level 3		
Trade Payables	11,455.95	11,555.44
Lease Liability Obligation	2,634.77	7,469.21
Total Financial Liabilities	14,090.71	19,024.66

#### Recognised fair value measurements

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes mutual funds that have quoted price. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

#### Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements

#### Note 19: Financial Risk Management

The Company's risk management is carried out by a treasury department (company treasury) under policies approved by board of directors. Treasury team identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risk in close co-operation with the company's operating units. The Management of the Company provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as interest rate risk and credit risk, use of derivative financial instrument and non-derivative financial instrument, and investments of excess liquidity.

#### (i) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company is engaged in Defence Business.

The Company does not have any significant exposure to credit risk.

#### (ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents & Other Financial Asset

The Company held cash and cash equivalents & other financial assets with credit worthy banks aggregating Rs.8,712.00 Thousands and Rs.9,742.75 Thousands as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 respectively. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

#### (iii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to any significant currency risk and equity price risk.

#### (a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to any interest rate risk.

#### Liquidity Risk - Table

The table below analyses the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

•				Rs in Thousands
As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Trade and Other payables	11,455.95	<u>.</u>	_	11,455.95
Other Financial Liabilities	2,634.77	-	-	2,634.77
Total non-derivatives	14,090.71	<b>M</b>	-	14,090.71
As at March 31, 2020	Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Trade and Other payables	11,555,44	-	-	11,555.44
Other Financial Liabilities	4,317.90	3,151.31	-	7,469.21
Total non-derivatives	15,873.35	3,151.31		19,024.66

Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements

### Note 20: Disclosure under Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits"

### a) Defined Contribution Plan

The following amount recognized as an expense in Statement of profit and loss on account of provident fund and other funds. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

		Rs in Thousands
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Contribution to Provident Fund	772.12	1,191.53
Contribution to Employee Pension Scheme	108.22	<u> 139.57</u>
Total	880.35	1,331.09

### b) Defined Benefit Plan

i) Gratuity

The guidance on implementing Ind.AS 19, Employee Benefits issued by Accounting Standard Board states benefit involving employee established provident funds, which require interest shortfalls to be recompensed are to be considered as defined benefit plans

The following tables summaries the amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening defined benefit liability / (assets)	4,228.06	4,446.38
Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost Current service cost Past service cost	731.82	922.53
Interest cost on benefit obligation	257.57	325.52
(Gain) / losses on settlement	-	-
Net benefit expense	989.39	1,248.05
Amount recorded in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Measurement during the year due to :		
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense/(income)	-	353.00
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(146.93)	
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	(180.85)	(001.70)
Amount recognized in OCI	(327.78)	(504.75)
Benefit Pald	(1,294.14)	(961.61)
Closing net defined benefit liability / (asset)	3,595,534	4,228.064

	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Watch 51, 2021	March 01, 202
Opening fair value of plan assets		
Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost		
Interest cost on benefit obligation	-	-
(Gain) / losses on settlement	-	1 -
Net benefit expense	-	_
Amount recorded in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Measurement during the year due to :		
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense/(income)	-	-
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	_	-
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	-	-
Experience (gains)/losses	-	-
Amount recognized in OCI	-	-
Employer contributions/premiums paid	-	-
Benefits Paid		
Closing fair value of plan assets		-

Note 20: Disclosure under Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits"

The net liability disclosed above relates to unfunded plan is as follows:

Rs in Thousands

The first liability albeited a dove felates to differ lade platfile de feliene.	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Present value of funded obligations Fair value of plan assets Present value of unfunded obligations Amount not recognised as an asset (asset ceiling)	3,595.53 3,595.53	4,228.06 - 4,228.06
Net liability is bifurcated as follows : Current Non-current Total	303.24 3,292.30 3,595.53	279.44 3,948.63 4,228.06

A quantitative analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Discount rate	6.85%	6.30%
Expected rate of return on plan assets (p.a.)	-	2 770
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	9.75%	
	Indian Assured	Indian Assured
Mortality pre-retirement	Lives Mortality	Lives Mortality
• •	(2012-14)	(2012-14

	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Assumptions -Discount rate Sensitivity Level Impact on defined benefit obligation -in % increase Impact on defined benefit obligation -in % decrease	50 bp -3.50% 3.70%	2 2 2 2 2 2
Assumptions -Future salary increases Sensitivity Level Impact on defined benefit obligation -in % increase Impact on defined benefit obligation -in % decrease	50 bp 3.59% -3.43%	0.500/

The table below shows the expected cash flow profile of the benefits to be paid to the current membership of the plan based on past service of the employees as at the valuation date:

	Gratuity	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting year) Between 2 and 5 years Between 6 and 9 years For and Beyond 10 years Total expected payments	303.24 1,528.26 1,914.04 2,633.43 6,378.97	279.44 1,325.78 2,957.84 2,664.88 7,227.94
The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting year	7.20 years	10.06 years

# Reliance Defence Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements

### Note 21: Income Tax and Deferred Tax (Net):

21(a) Income Tax Expense			Rs in Thousands
Particulars		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(a) Income tax expense			
Current tax			
Current tax on profits for the year		- [	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods		91.85	94.16
Total current tax expense	(A)	91.85	94.16
Deferred tax		<u>.</u>	
Decrease / (increase) in deferred tax assets		- 1	-
(Decrease) / increase in deferred tax liabilities			
Total deferred tax expense / (benefit)	(B)	•	-
Income tax expense	(A + B)	91.85	94.16

21(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:		Rs in Thousands
Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Loss before income tax expense	(44,513.68)	(64,919.28)
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 26% (March 31,2020 : 26%)	(11,573.56)	(16,879.01)
Expenses not allowable for tax purposes	11,481.71	16,784.85
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	91.85	94.16
Income tax expense charged to Statement of Profit and Loss	-	0.00

Note: The Company has not recognised deferred tax asset on the unabsorbed losses as the Company has not yet commenced it's business operations and also has not claimed the loss while filing their income tax returns.

21(c) Amounts recognised in respect of current tax /deferred tax directly in equity		Rs in Thousands
Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Amounts recognised in respect of current tax/deferred tax directly in equity	-	

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

### 22. Segment wise Revenue, Results and Capital Employed

The Company has not commenced its commercial operations hence; there are no separate reportable segments as required under Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segment" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

### 23. Contingent Liability:

The Company has given a Corporate Guarantee amounting to Rs. 2,70,000.00 Thousands (Rs. 2,70,000.00 Thousands) against the loan taken from SREI Equipment Finance Limited by the Holding Company – Reliance Infrastructure Limited.

### 24. Related Party Disclosure

As per Indian Accounting Standard 24 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, the Company's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:

### (a) Parties where control exists:

- (i) Holding Company Reliance Infrastructure Limited
- (j) Subsidiaries and Associates as below

		District (DDODI)
Subsidiary	(a)	Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited (RDSPL)
Companies	(b)	Reliance Defence and Aerospace Private Limited (RDAPL)
	(c)	Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited (RDTPL)
	(d)	Reliance Aerostructure Limited (RAL)
	(e)	Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited (RDIL)
	(f)	Reliance Helicopters Limited (RHL)
	(g)	Reliance Land Systems Limited (RLSL)
	(h)	Reliance Naval Systems Limited (RNSL)
	(i)	Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited (RPSL)
	(j)	Reliance SED Limited (RSED) (Till 9 <sup>th</sup> July, 2020)
	(k)	Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited (RDSTL)
	(l)	Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited (RUSL)
	(m)	Reliance Aero Systems Private Limited (RASPL)
Step Down	(a)	Dassault Reliance Aerospace Limited (DRAL)
Subsidiary	(b)	Thales Reliance Defence Systems Limited
Companies	(c)	Reliance Global Limited, (Incorporated in Republic of Korea)
Associate		
Company	(a)	Gulfoss Enterprises Private Limited
	(b)	Reliance SED Limited (RSED) (Since 10 <sup>th</sup> July, 2020)

## (b) Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

- (i) Person having significant influence over holding Company Shri Anii Dhirubhai Ambani
- (ii) Fellow Subsidiary Company
  - (a) Reliance Cruise and Terminals Limited
  - (b) Reliance Ammunition Limited
  - (c) Reliance Armaments Limited
- (iii) Enterprises over which person described in (i) above has significant influence:-
  - (a) Reliance Communications Limited
  - (b) Reliance HR Services Private limited
  - (c) Reliance Transport and Travels Private Limited
  - (d) Reliance Infratel Limited
  - (e) Rosa Power Supply Company Limited

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(c) Details of transactions during the year and closing balances at the year end:

( Rs. in Thousands) 2019-20 2020-21 **Particulars** Transactions during the year: (a) Balance Sheet Items: Equity Component of Financial Instr.(Subordinate Debt) Received 74.591.00 61.123.00 Reliance Infrastructure Limited Investment in Equity of Associate company 50.01 **Gulfoss Enterprises Private Limited** Sale of Investment in Equity of Subsidiary Company 👆 185.00 Reliance Infrastructure Limited Receivable from subsidiaries for statutory liabilities paid on their behalf 6.00 6.00 Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited 1.40 1.00 Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited 768.32 Thales Reliance Defence Systems limited Other Receivables from subsidiaries for expenses paid on their behalf 143.33 Thales Reliance Defence Systems limited 45.56 Reliance Aerostructure Limited 248.89 Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited 5.35 Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited 6.17 Reliance Defence & Aerospace Private Limited 6.17 Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited 5.35 Reliance Helicopters Limited 9.98 Reliance Land Systems Limited 5.35 Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited 5.35 Reliance Naval Systems Limited 10,39 Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited 5.35 Reliance SED Limited 5.35 Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited Other Receivables from Holding Co for payment made on their behalf 87.04 Reliance Infrastructure Limited Receipt from Related Parties against Other Receivables (net of TDS) 7,015,19 3,271.97 Thales Reliance Defence Systems Limited 248.38 2.40 Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited 6.17 Reliance Defence & Aerospace Private Limited 6.17 Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited

# Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
- Reliance Helicopters Limited	5.35	<u> </u>
- Reliance Land Systems Limited	9.98	
- Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited	5.35	-
- Reliance Naval Systems Limited	5.35	-
- Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited	10.39	
- Reliance SED Limited	5.35	-
- Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited	5.35	-
Paid to Related Parties against Trade & Other Payable		
- Thales Reliance Defence Systems Limited	-	411.99
- Reliance Infrastructure Limited	-	1,536.03
(b) Income:		
Business Support Services		
- Thales Reliance Defence Systems Limited	3,262.61	5,972.51
(c) Expenses:		
Communication Expenses		
- Reliance Communications Limited	763.91	796.26
Travelling and Conveyance Expenses		
- Reliance Transport and Travels Private Limited	535.25	1,043.32
Contractual Manpower Salary and Management Fees		
- Reliance HR Services Private Limited	_	604.28
Closing Balances:		
(a) Share Capital		
- Reliance Infrastructure Limited	500.00	500.00
(b) Equity Component of Financial Instruments (Subordinate Debts)		
- Reliance Infrastructure Limited	6,85,899.50	6,24,776.50
(c) Investment in Equity of Related Parties		
- Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited	100.00	100.00
- Reliance Defence and Aerospace Private Limited	100.00	100.00
- Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited	100.00	100.00
- Reliance Aerostructure Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Helicopters Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Land Systems Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Naval Systems Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited	100.00	500.00

# Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
- Reliance SED Limited	185.00	500.00
- Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited	100.00	500.00
- Reliance Aero Systems Private Limited	100.00	100.00
- Reliance Ammunition Limited	0.01	0.01
- Reliance Armaments Limited	0.01	0.01
- Gulfoss Enterprises Private Limited	50.01	50.01
(d) Other Receivables from Related Parties		· 
- Reliance Defence Technologies Private Limited	-	6.17
- Reliance Defence & Aerospace Private Limited	-	6.17
- Reliance Aerostructure Limited	3602.14	3,602.14
- Reliance Defence Infrastructure Limited	-	5.35
- Reliance Helicopters Limited	-	5.35
- Reliance Land Systems Limited	-	9.98
- Reliance Naval Systems Limited	_	5.35
- Reliance Propulsion Systems Limited	-	10.39
- Reliance SED Limited	<b>-</b> ·	5.35
- Reliance Unmanned Systems Limited	-	5.35
- Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited	1424.60	1,418.60
- Reliance Defence Systems Private Limited	-	1.40
- Thales Reliance Defence Systems Limited	910.66	1,164.89
- Reliance Infratel Limited	123.97	123.97
(e) Trade Payable & Other Payables		
- Reliance Infrastructure Limited	5012.76	5,012.76
- Reliance Communications Limited	280.78	1,445.71
- Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	2295.84	2,295.84
Contingent Liability (Closing Balance):		
- Corporate Guarantee - Reliance Infrastructure Limited	2,70,000.00	2,70,000.00

### 25. Disclosure as required under Ind. AS -116

Disclosure as required under Ind AS - 116 " Leases" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 is given below:

(a) The Company has entered into non-cancellable leasing agreement for office, renewable by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(b) Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease are as under:

(Rs. in Thousands)

				(IXS. III THOU	1
Particulars	Lease Rental Debited to	Future Minimum Lease Rentals		Period of	
	Statement of Profit and Loss ( Non cancellable)	Less Than 1 Year	Between 1 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Lease*
Rent	-	2634.77	-	-	25 Month

<sup>\*</sup>The Lease terms are renewable on a mutual consent of Lessor and Lessee

### 26. Disclosure under 186 (4) of the Act:

Refer Note No. 4 Non-Current Investment for the investment made by the Company. These investments are made for Defence purpose.

### 27. Earnings per Share

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	
(i)	(Loss) after tax available for Equity Share holders (Rs.in Thousands)	(44,605.54)	(65,013.41)
(ii)	Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares (Nos.)	50,000	50,000
(iii)	Nominal Value per Share (Rs.)	10	10
(iv)	Earnings per Equity Share- Basic	(892.11)	(1,300.27)
(v)	Earnings per Equity Share- Diluted	(892.11)	(1,300.27)

### 28. Disclosure as required under Ind. AS-7

Disclosure as required under para 44A to E of Ind AS- 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" as prescribed under section 133 of the act is given below

(Rs in Thousands)

Sr. No	Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
1	Equity Component of Financial Instruments (Subordinated Debt )		
	Opening Balance	6,24,776.50	5,50,185.50
	Issued during the year	61,123.00	74,591.00
	Repaid during the year	-	
	Closing Balance	6,85,899.50	6,24,776.50
	,		

### 29. Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no Micro and Small Scale Business Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2021. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

### Notes annexed to and forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### 30. Capital Risk Management

The Company considers the following components of its Balance Sheet to be managed capital:

1. Total equity - share capital, share premium and retained earnings,

The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to our shareholders. The capital structure of the group is based on management's judgment of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The Company's aim to translate profitable growth to superior cash generation through efficient capital management.

The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditor, and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. The Company will take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

**31.** Figures for the previous year have been regrouped /rearranged wherever necessary to make them comparable to those for the current year. Figures in bracket indicate previous year's figures.

#### As per our attached report of even date

For M.S Sethi & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:109407W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Sethi

Proprietor

Membership No.: 039784

Rajesh K Dhingra

Director

DIN's 03612092

Partha Pratim Sarma

Director

DIN: 08245533

Place: Mumbai Date: May 10, 2021 Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2021